AS OF JULY 1, 2013, THE SPECIES AT RISK PROCESS IN ONTARIO

WILL CONTINUE TO FOLLOW THE PROCESS BELOW, WITH THE ADDITION OF ONE STEP.

Initiate Project. Screen for potential Species at Risk and their habitat.

Consult with the MNR and confirm an approach to assess Species at Risk and their habitat.

Conduct detailed field studies, as required.

Determine if a project activity impacts Species at Risk or its habitat. Optimize project to avoid impacts.

Consult with the MNR to highlight where impacts have been avoided and/ or where they may occur.

Determine if the project meets the requirements to submit a Notice of Activity Form through the MNR Registry.

Apply for a permit under Section 17(2)(c) of the Endangered Species Act, 2007, if required.

The addition of Step 7 provides various industries with a standardized framework to work under for activities deemed to be "low risk" to certain species.

Working within the MNR Registry framework, a *Notice of Activity Form* is submitted and a species-specific *Mitigation, Habitat Compensation and Monitoring Plan* is required for the project. Elements required in the Plan are prescribed by the Regulation and must be completed by qualified biologists.

OVERVIEW OF CHANGES



AQUATIC SPECIES – Applies mostly to water crossings (structures and pipes). Covers 8 fish species and 11 mussel species. Redside Dace transition provided to allow Mitigation Plan approved construction past Dec. 31, 2014.



BARN SWALLOW AND CHIMNEY SWIFT

 Working on or removing structures that provide habitat requires nest/habitat replacement. Provisions to avoid working in active habitat areas during the breeding season can be

As of January 24, 2013 new species were added to the Species at Risk in Ontario list and as of June 30, 2013 all species (additional 65) listed as *Threatened* or *Endangered* will have their habitat protected.

implemented.



to projects that will destroy up to 30 ha (74 acres) of habitat. The habitat provided as compensation must be larger than that destroyed and managed to maintain its suitability for the species.



BUTTERNUT – Exemption was revised so that trees displaying resistance to Butternut canker cannot be removed under the Regulation exemption. Otherwise, the provision remains that up to 10 retainable trees can be removed following a submission to the MNR Registry. Replanting of Butternut seedlings at a ratio determined by the size of the tree(s) removed is required.

The MNR has established a time-limited transition provision (i.e., grandfathering) for these species. Projects must be in an advanced stage of an applicable approvals process and begin within a prescribed timeline to be eligible for the transition provision. Eligible projects include residential, commercial and industrial development. Submission of the *Notice of Activity Form* is required before the activity begins or promptly after June 30, 2013 if the activity is currently underway. The project is then exempt for these species if immediate actions are taken to minimize adverse effects and a *Mitigation Plan* is submitted prior to the required habitat restoration or compensation. The *Mitigation Plan* must be completed within 2 years of the *Notice of Activity Form* being submitted.





PLEASE CONTACT DILLON AT SAR@DILLON.CA TO DISCUSS YOUR PROJECT-SPECIFIC CONCERNS.